

### UNIVERSAL PRE-K (UPK) FAQS

### General

### Q: What is the Universal Preschool (UPK) Colorado Program?

A: UPK Colorado was created in statute under HB 22-1295. The Colorado Department of Early Childhood (CDEC) will launch UPK Colorado in the 2023-24 school year, offering a minimum of part-time (10 hours/week) or half-day (15 hours/week) of high-quality, voluntary preschool to every Colorado child in the year before they are eligible to enter kindergarten. Families can choose any participating licensed provider in the state. Additional state-funded hours will be available based on child or family circumstances that may impact kindergarten readiness.

## Q: What were the recommendations in the <u>Universal Preschool Recommendations Report</u>, as unanimously approved by the ECLC?

A: The full report and recommendations can be found through the link above.

### Q: How many state-funded hours are available?

**A:** Families can choose part-time (10 hours/week), or half-day (15 hours/week) of state-funded preschool in the year before the child is eligible for kindergarten. Some children will be eligible for additional UPK hours, bringing them to a full day (30 hours) if they have at least one qualifying factor, as described below. UPK Colorado eligibility is independent of a child's eligibility for CCCAP, Head Start, or local preschool program funding, so families may layer these hours on top of their UPK allocation. Local Coordinating Organizations (LCOs) can help families to navigate the combination of different funding sources for a child's care. Families are also welcome to work with providers to arrange additional self-funded hours as required.

#### Q: What is mixed delivery?

**A:** CDEC is committed to supporting families in choosing the most appropriate preschool setting for their children. This could be a school-based preschool classroom, a childcare center in the community, or a home-based childcare provider.

#### Q: What are qualifying factors?

**A:** Qualifying factors are child or family circumstances identified by CDEC as having the potential to negatively impact a child's learning. The qualifying factors adopted in CDEC Rule are as follows:

- Child is identified as low-income (270% of 2023 Federal Poverty Guidelines)
- Child is a dual-language learner, and the native language spoken in the child's home is a language other than English, or the child's native language is not English.
- Child has an Individualized Education Program (IEP).
- Child is currently in the custody of a state-supervised and county-administered foster care home or in non-certified kinship care.
- Child is identified as homeless.





### Q: Who is responsible for delivering UPK Colorado?

**A:** UPK Colorado is housed within CDEC, along with other early childhood and family support programs. To ensure that the program is responsive to the varying needs of communities across Colorado, CDEC has appointed Local Coordinating Organizations (LCOs) to support the program at a local level. Our Find my LCO page contains contact information for all LCOs.

### Q: Will the Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) continue in its current form?

A: No. Services that are currently provided under CPP will be replaced by equivalent provisions under the UPK Colorado program from 2023-24 with the goal of unifying state funding under one funding source. CPP will continue to run as normal for the 2022-23 school year.

### Q: What if I need more than 10 to 15 hours of care for my child?

**A:** Some children will qualify for additional hours of preschool under the UPK Colorado program based on qualifying factors. Families may also qualify for CCCAP, Head Start, or other state, federal, or locally funded child care programs. Families may also utilize a "private pay" option in coordination with their provider, to supplement UPK Colorado and other funded programs for which they might be interested.

### Q: Which preschools are participating in UPK Colorado?

**A:** UPK Colorado will be delivered through a mixed delivery model, meaning that families can choose to send their child to any licensed preschool, whether school-based, community-based, or homebased, that is participating in UPK Colorado. When applying for UPK Colorado, families can see participating preschools in their community and indicate their preferences.

## Q: What impact will the implementation of UPK Colorado have on the availability of early care and education for infants, toddlers, and three-year-olds?

**A:** The primary purpose of the UPK Colorado Program is to provide children in Colorado with access to preschool in the year before a child is eligible to enter kindergarten (primarily four-year-olds).

- UPK Colorado is part of a birth-to-five early childhood system, and it is critical that the state maintain existing capacity for infants, toddlers, and three-year-olds.
- Current law has a floor of funding for school districts and their contracted providers to
  continue to serve 3-year-olds and eligible children under three years of age in counties with
  programmatic waivers, with at least one qualifying factor based on 2022-23 Colorado
  Preschool Program (CPP) funding for three-year-olds.

### **Eligibility and Application**

### Q: Who is eligible for the UPK Colorado program?

A: All Colorado children are eligible for UPK Colorado in the year before they become eligible for kindergarten. CDEC uses a cutoff of October 1 (26.5-4-208 (6)(b)), meaning that a child who turns four before this date in the year they wish to enroll in preschool will be eligible for UPK Colorado. Children who are three years of age, or younger, in districts that have a waiver to serve children under three, will also be eligible for UPK Colorado hours if they meet at least one qualifying factor. These children will be served by school districts.

### Q: How many state-funded hours are available?

A: Families can choose part-time (10 hours/week), or half-day (15 hours/week) of state-funded preschool in the year before the child is eligible for kindergarten. Some children will be eligible for additional UPK Colorado hours, bringing them to full day (30 hours) if they have at least one qualifying factor. UPK Colorado eligibility is independent of a child's eligibility for CCCAP, Head Start, or local preschool program funding, so families may layer these hours on top of their UPK Colorado allocation. LCOs can help families to navigate the combination of different funding sources for a child's care. Families are also welcome to work with providers to arrange additional self-funded

hours as required.

### Q: Are UPK Colorado slots guaranteed for all eligible four-year-olds?

A: While LCOs will strive to ensure that every family who wants to participate in UPK Colorado is served, enrollment will depend on the availability of a participating provider to meet the child's needs, and available funding.

### Q: What are qualifying factors?

**A:** Qualifying factors are child or family circumstances identified by CDEC as having the potential to impact a child's learning. The qualifying factors adopted in CDEC Rule are as follows:

- Child is identified as low-income (270% of 2023 Federal Poverty Guidelines)
- Child is a dual-language learner, and the native language spoken in the child's home is a language other than English, or the child's native language is not English.
- Child has an Individualized Education Program (IEP).
- Child is currently in the custody of a state-supervised and county-administered foster care home or in non-certified kinship care.
- Child is identified as homeless.

### Q: What is the definition of homelessness as a qualifying factor?

**A:** For UPK Colorado, the definition of homelessness is having a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; or, is a child who is migratory who qualifies as homeless for the purposes of this subtitle because the child is living in circumstances described in this definition.

### Q: What kind of documents can be used for proof of income?

A: Documents that will be accepted to show household income include:

- **Jobs:** Paycheck stub or pay envelope that shows the amount and how often pay is received; letter from employer stating gross wages and how often you are paid (this statement of earnings <u>form</u> may be used); or, if you work for yourself, business or farming papers, such as ledger or tax books.
- **Social Security, Pensions, or Retirement:** Social Security retirement benefit letter, statement of benefits received, or pension award notice.
- Unemployment, Disability, or Worker's Compensation: Notice of eligibility from State employment security office, check stub, or letter from the Worker's Compensation office.
- TANF Payments: Benefit letter from the <a href="State TANF">State TANF</a> office.
- Child Support or Alimony: Court decree, agreement, or copies of checks received.
- All Other Income (Such as Rental Income): Information that shows the amount of the income, the name of the person who received the income, the date it was received, and how often it was received.
- Military Housing Privatization Initiative: Letter or rental contract showing that your housing is part of the Military Privatized Housing Initiative.

If you do not have income, please send a brief note explaining how you provide food, clothing, and housing for your household, and when you expect an income.

### Q: Is the UPK Colorado funding a voucher?

**A:** No, the program is designed as a slot-based system where families can choose a participating and approved provider and sign up for a part-time, half-day, or full-day slot (for qualifying families). Using a slotted approach allows for community planning and provider predictability, which were identified during the transition process and critical components. If a family leaves a provider for any reason, the LCO will work with the family to ensure placement with another provider.

### Q: How does a family apply for UPK Colorado?

A: Beginning on January 17, families may go to upk.colorado.gov to access the family application

portal, which allows families to express preferences for provider type, hours, and location. Families are also able to supply the information required to check eligibility for additional hours through this portal. This information will be used to match families with a participating provider as well as to determine their child's eligibility for additional state-funded preschool hours. Certain weighted factors, like continuity of care, having a sibling in a center, and others, are considered when determining the match.

### Q: What if a family already has a childcare relationship with a provider?

A: Families that are already served by a provider, have another child in the provider's care, or are employed by the provider are given preference in their first choice of that provider.

### Q: Can a family receive Child Care Assistance (CCCAP), Head Start, or other local funding as well as UPK Colorado?

**A:** Yes. UPK Colorado is designed to be layered with CCCAP, Head Start, and local funding programs. LCOs are expected to support families in the process of blending and braiding state funding to augment the provision of additional services for children.

### Q: What is the process for families to enroll three-year-olds?

**A:** Families are able to use the single application portal to apply for the part-time (10 hours/week) preschool programming if the child meets at least one qualifying factor. Children three years of age who meet the eligibility requirements will be served by their local school district or may be served by a community-based provider if such provider contracts with the school district.

### Q: I already submitted my child's application, but I want to edit my application or un-submit it so I can wait until different providers are available to choose from. What should I do?

**A:** Between February 17 and February 24, families will be able to edit their application once, without contacting their LCO. Outside of that time, if you need to edit your application for any reason, please contact your local coordinating organization (LCO).

#### Q: What specific ages are eligible for UPK Colorado?

**A:** If your child was born between October 2, 2018, and October 1, 2019, they are eligible for the up to 15 hours available to 4-year-olds. If your child was born between October 2, 2019, and October 1, 2020, and meets certain qualifying criteria, they are eligible for the 10 hours available to 3-year-olds.

# Q: My child will be five on October 1, 2023, but we are sending them to preschool in the 2023-2024 school year. They are showing up as ineligible for this program due to age. How do I proceed?

**A:** In Colorado, preschool and kindergarten are voluntary, and therefore, families have the right to defer enrollment in both based on their child's needs. The UPK Colorado program is funded through the legislature to cover services for four-year-old children in the year before they are eligible for kindergarten and qualifying three-year-olds only. If your child will be five on October 1, 2023, they are not eligible for free preschool through UPK.

While your child may still enroll in preschool, their attendance is not funded by UPK Colorado. Families with children that will be five on October 1, 2023, that wish to send their child to preschool in the 2023-2024 school year should contact their desired providers directly to inquire about enrollment outside of UPK Colorado.

# Q: My child is three but is not showing up as eligible for this program. How do I proceed? A: Three-year-olds are eligible for UPK Colorado if they meet at least one of the following criteria:

- Their family income is below the federal poverty line
- They have an active Individual Education Program (IEP)
- They have limited English proficiency
- They are in foster care or kinship care

They are experiencing homelessness

If you have indicated that your child meets one or more of these criteria in your application and are still receiving a status of ineligible, please contact your <u>local coordinating organization</u> (LCO). They can help you edit your application or explore qualifying criteria.

### Q: What do I do if I don't see the provider I'm looking for?

**A:** If you do not see the provider you are looking for, please contact the provider directly. There are several reasons why the provider may not be visible yet. UPK Colorado is a voluntary program; if your preferred provider is not registered with UPK Colorado, we encourage you to ask them to join!

## Q: I want to make sure that my child continues to attend the school they already go to. How can I mention this on my application?

**A:** The last question on the application asks if your applicant child currently attends one of the providers that you chose and ranked. When you answer yes to this question, you will be prompted to select the provider where your child currently attends. This will be noted on their application and taken into consideration when matched to an open seat.

## Q: What is the family income threshold for 3-year-olds? I want to know before I decide whether to fill out an application or not.

**A:** You can always start a family application to see the questions and workflow before you submit it. The family income threshold is below 270% the Federal Poverty level, based on your household's gross annual income. The current income thresholds by household size are:

- 1 \$36,693.00
- 2 \$49,437.00
- 3 \$62,181.00
- 4 \$74,925.00
- 5 \$87,669.00
- 6 \$100,413.00
- 7 \$113,157.00
- 8 \$125,901.00
- 9 \$130,620.96
- 10 \$135,340.92
- 11 \$140,060.88
- 12 \$144,780.84

# Q: My 3-year-old does not have any qualifying factors for free preschool hours through UPK Colorado, but I still want to enroll my 3-year-old in preschool for the 2023-2024 school year. How do I proceed?

**A:** If you do not qualify for UPK Colorado, please contact your preferred provider directly for information on how to enroll in their preschool program. The UPK Colorado application is only for students requesting free preschool through UPK Colorado.

### **Providers**

### Q: Who can provide UPK Colorado?

**A:** UPK Colorado is open to all licensed providers that have entered into an agreement with CDEC. This includes school-based, community-based, and family child care home providers. Providers will need to utilize a curriculum that meets the standards set by CDEC through a rulemaking process. A resource bank will be made available to help providers with curriculum planning and delivery.

#### Q: What is the process for providers to participate?

**A:** Working with their LCOs, providers who want to participate in UPK Colorado will enter into a Provider Agreement that outlines the components of the program, including meeting eligibility standards and delivering programming. The Provider Agreement will be within the application portal

and will be executed by the providers when they establish their profile pages in the portal. The allocation of slots to providers will be finalized by the LCOs based on slots allocated by CDEC to the LCOs. Families can search, apply, and be matched to a provider of their choosing.

### Q: What are the quality standards for providers?

A: The standards will be developed prior to the launch of UPK Colorado and will be part of a rulemaking process in Spring 2023. Families and providers will be involved in the development of those standards.

### Q: Is there any support for providers who participate in UPK Colorado?

**A:** Yes. LCOs are responsible for supporting providers to deliver high-quality early childhood care and education through the UPK program. Visit our <u>Find my LCO</u> page to find out how to contact your LCO for support. CDEC will also provide a resource bank to help providers with curriculum planning and delivery.

### Q: Will providers be paid based on enrollment?

**A:** Providers will be paid based upon the slots allocated by the LCO to their program, and the number of children that enroll. Slots that are not filled can be moved to another provider.

### Q: How often will providers be paid?

**A:** Providers will have four payments during the year, starting with a first payment in August, followed by payments in November, February, and May. Providers will need to ensure children are enrolled as there will be a true up and potential reallocation of slots, as necessary, to ensure slots are maximized and children are served.

### Q: Can providers charge families extra tuition costs?

**A:** A participating provider is not permitted to charge families extra tuition costs for programming that fits within the part-time (10 hours/week), half-day (15 hours/week), or full-time (30 hours/week) covered by the rate paid to the provider. If the provider is offering more hours, then they may charge the family for the balance of the cost of care.

### Preschool Services for Three-Year-Olds

### Q: Which three-year-olds are eligible for preschool services?

**A:** Under CDEC's UPK Colorado Program Eligibility rule, three-year-olds who have a family income under 270% of the federal poverty level or meet at least one qualifying factor are eligible for 10 hours of preschool services. However, preschool services for three-year-olds are subject to the annual appropriation to school districts based upon their 2022-23 Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) funding for three-year-olds.

# Q: Does CDEC's UPK Colorado Program Eligibility rule expand preschool eligibility to all three-year-olds who have a family income under 270% FPL or have one qualifying factor?

A: Yes, three-year-olds who have a family income under 270% FPL or meet one or more qualifying factors are eligible for 10 hours of preschool services under CDEC rules. However, preschool services for three-year-olds are subject to the annual appropriation to school districts based upon their 2022-23 Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) funding for three-year-olds. Under current appropriations, CDEC will not provide preschool services to additional three-year-olds beyond the minimum allocation required under statute based on the funding appropriated to three-year-olds in CPP in the 2022-2023 school year.

### Q: Are there prohibitions on school districts partnering with community-based providers to serve three-year-olds?

A: No, the statute (Section 26.5-4-208(3)(c)(II)) makes clear that districts can contract with Head Start or any community-based provider to serve three-year-olds.

• "A school district may distribute all, or a portion of the amount received pursuant to this subsection (3)(c)(II) to a head start agency or community-based preschool provider that provides preschool services pursuant to a contract with the school district."

### **UPK and Head Start**

Q: Will Head Start programs be included in UPK Colorado communications and the BridgeCare system, allowing families to receive and apply for referrals, including for children three years and younger?

A: In the first year of implementation, the BridgeCare system will be focused on connecting eligible families with providers for state-funded UPK Colorado Program services, including Head Start. In future years, the intention is to expand the BridgeCare system to serve as a one-stop shop for families to apply for a variety of early care and education services, including Head Start and Early Head Start for children three years of age and younger.

Q: Can families of three-year-olds with disabilities choose to attend a Head Start program?

A: All families, including three-year-olds, will continue to have the choice to enroll in any program they are eligible for that meets their needs. Families can apply directly to the Head Start program and, if eligible, receive services at the Head Start program.

### **UPK & Special Education**

Q: How will school districts receive funding that ensures their fixed costs are covered for providing preschool services to children with disabilities and their non-disabled peers?

**A:** Participating school districts will receive funding for the general education seat/classroom setting through the application portal based on capacity and student enrolment for UPK. Rates by Local Coordinating Organization catchment area are linked <a href="https://example.com/here">here</a>.

Q: How, and when, will the UPK enrollment, eligibility, and provider selection process related to students with disabilities be determined and communicated to the field?

**A:** This has been determined and communicated. School districts can access the portal with the support of their Local Coordinating Organization linked <a href="here">here</a>. The provider portal launched on December 8, the family application launched on January 17, and the first round of matching will occur on February 27.

Q: How will the responsibility of the school districts and AUs be communicated to families with IEP-eligible children within the context of family choice and mixed delivery?

A: This remains the same as it is now. Families currently have access to programs in and out of the district. If a family selects that their child has a current Individualized Education Program (IEP), the system will prompt them to review school district programs, however, in this mixed delivery system, families have a choice for community-based care. School districts can also add customized language to their profiles.

Q: What child outcomes reporting requirements will be in place for all children enrolled in UPK, and will there be differences or redundancies between UPK reporting requirements and federal special education requirements (Indicator 7)?

**A:** UPK will work on expectations, an aligned resource library as well as aligned professional learning opportunities with stakeholders over the next year. Providers will then have an additional 12-18 months to choose a pathway and become compliant. CDEC will intentionally create a pathway that aligns to indicator 7 requirements to ensure duplicative reporting.

Q: What are the potential consequences of establishing one cutoff date for the UPK program rather than utilizing existing kindergarten cutoff dates established by local school districts, and what is the legal basis for this decision? What will be the impacts for 4-year-olds in the universal program, and for 3 and 4-year-olds with disabilities?

A: UPK Colorado aligns with local school district-adopted eligibility dates.

Q: If the current interpretation of October 1 as the "cut off" date by which a child must turn 3 (or 4) to be eligible for UPK, how will AUs access funding through the CDEC to support a child

with a disability's educational program (beyond the ECEA and IDEA funding through CDE)? A: UPK Colorado funds the general education seat directly to the provider.

Q: Does the UPK law restrict the number of years of preschool funding for students with identified disabilities? Will students with an IEP be eligible starting on or before age 3 all the way through kindergarten entry, regardless of the district K cutoff in the student's district of residence, and regardless of how many years they may need preschool prior to kindergarten entry? (Partial overlap with Q10, need to address placement/payment for children prior to age 3 with IEPs transitioning from Part C).

**A:** UPK Colorado funding is tied to three-year-olds, two years before they are eligible for kindergarten, and four-year-olds in the year before they are eligible for kindergarten. Funding is also available for children under three in the two districts in Colorado with a waiver to serve children under three. This funding is allocated as the general education seat. UPK Colorado aligns with each school district's eligibility dates and ensures access to children turning three during the school year and exiting EI on or before their third birthday (understanding that sometimes this is a partial year in addition to the two full years of preschool).

Q: How is the CDEC accounting for the approximately \$33m in special education PPR (per pupil revenue) that was redirected from the School Finance Act? How is the CDEC assuring that these funds are being redirected to support preschoolers with disabilities?

**A:** The per-pupil revenue redirected from the School Finance Act is being done so to ensure students with disabilities have access to the general education seat/classroom setting they require. Students with disabilities are additionally at the top of the prioritization scheme laid out in statute regarding disbursement of PPCF funds.

Q: How will the UPK allocation, enrollment, and provider selection process support AUs to meet their federal obligations to provide a FAPE in the Least Restrictive Environment to preschool children identified with an educational disability?

**A:** The UPK allocation, enrollment, and provider selection process has been designed such that after a child has been determined eligible for UPK, the family is asked to indicate if their child has an active IEP. When a family discloses that their child has an IEP, the family is directed to the school district/Special Education Administrative Unit (AU) in which the family resides for access to a preschool program to support the provision of Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE), in accordance with the child's IEP. As a part of the IEP process and with input from the family, the AU is responsible for selecting a preschool education program in which the IEP may be implemented. The family must enroll their child in the program identified by the IEP team to access the aligned services. If a family chooses a community-based provider, they would be declining those services.

Q: Does the UPK law restrict the number of years of preschool funding for students with identified disabilities? Will students with an IEP be eligible starting on or before age 3 all the way through kindergarten entry, regardless of district K cutoff in the student's district of residence, and regardless of how many years they may need preschool prior to kindergarten entry?

A: UPK Colorado funding is tied to three-year-olds, two years before they are eligible for kindergarten and four-year-olds in the year before they are eligible for kindergarten. Funding is also available for children under three in the two districts in Colorado with a waiver to serve children under three. This funding is allocated as the general education seat. UPK Colorado aligns to each school district's eligibility dates and ensures access to children turning three during the school year and exiting EI on or before their third birthday (understanding that sometimes this is a partial year in addition to the two full years of preschool).

### Finance and Funding

Q: What were the recommendations in the <u>Universal Preschool Recommendations Report</u>, as unanimously approved by the ECLC, and HB22-1295, regarding funding in the UPK Colorado Program? A: To address the unique aspects of a mixed-delivery universal preschool program and avoid

reinforcing the current challenges of the state's school finance formula, the report and subsequent legislation recommended several changes to the calculation and approach to funding universal preschool. The report recommended a funding model that:

- Removes preschool funding calculations from the School Finance Act to ensure that perchild rates reflect differences in the cost of delivering care depending on risk factors, regional needs, and special education services.
- Establishes a base rate for 10 hours of universal preschool, and additional adjustments, including weights for underserved populations and regional considerations, such as economies of scale in rural areas, as well as any other additional incentives for a variety of needs.
- Preserves all current state funding for the Colorado Preschool Program (CPP), as the program moves to an integrated single state preschool program with Proposition EE outside of school finance.
- Preserves funding for children three years and younger at current total funding levels and ensures that students who are currently eligible for additional services do not lose out.
- Strikes a balance between base funding for universal preschool and the targeted access for additional programming for those with the greatest need.
- Complies with state and federal law, including the requirements in the State Constitution.

### Q: What is required of the preschool formula, and how is that distinct from the school finance formula?

**A:** In a mixed delivery state preschool system, the unique characteristics that drive costs in preschool settings require more flexibility in rate-setting than is provided by the process under the School Finance Act. Therefore, UPK Colorado per child rates have been set separately from the School Finance Act. CDEC has set rates through emergency rule using a formula that accounts for:

- The cost of providing preschool services that meet the required quality standards. Variations
  in the cost of providing preschool resulting from regional differences and circumstances,
  including difficulties in achieving economies of scale in rural areas and in recruiting and
  retaining educators.
- Variations in the cost of providing preschool resulting from child characteristics, which must include if a child is low-income and may include other factors such as dual language learner status.
- The impact of UPK rates on provision for infants and toddlers.

#### Q: What are the rates established through the funding formula?

**A:** The provider rates by LCO region for the 2023-24 school year can be found <u>here</u>. For more information regarding the rates, contact the LCO for your community. Our <u>Find my LCO</u> page contains contact information for all LCOs.

### Q: How will providers be paid for the UPK Colorado services they offer?

**A:** In most cases, providers will be paid directly by the Colorado Department of Early Childhood, according to the funding formula established in rule (see above).

### Q: How will funding be allocated and distributed throughout the year?

**A:** Beginning in the 2023-24 school year, CDEC will base the amounts distributed on the per child rates. At the start of each school year, CDEC will distribute a portion of the funding to providers based on the numbers of children expected to enroll as estimated in the community plan. The remaining funding will be distributed throughout the year, adjusting the amounts based on actual enrollment. This allows for adjustments during the year should enrollment not match the anticipated planned enrollment.

#### Q: What are the revenue sources that fund UPK Colorado?

A: UPK Colorado is funded by revenues from Proposition EE and funding transferred annually to the Preschool Programs Cash Fund that represents the UPK Colorado Program funding amount in the 2022-23 budget year. That transfer amount is taken from the General Fund or the State Education

Fund and is calculated as the amount of state share of the Total Program that was attributable to students enrolled in CPP and three- or four-year-olds with disabilities for the 2022-23 budget year. Starting in 2024-25, the amount shall increase annually by inflation.

Funding will not be impacted by other School Finance provisions going forward. CDEC may seek or accept other funding to implement preschool and blend/braid funding from other sources.

Q: What are the funding priorities for children the year prior to kindergarten entry, for children with disabilities, for three-year-olds (and under in waiver districts), and for additional preschool services? How is current funding for these priority populations preserved?

A: The statute (26.5-4-204) is clear that the purposes of the UPK Colorado Program are to provide access to:

- 10 hours of preschool per week at no charge, for children the year prior to kindergarten eligibility
- Services for all three- and four-year-old children with disabilities
- Preschool services for three-year-olds (and for the two waiver communities that can serve children under age three with CPP slots) who are low-income or have qualifying factors (child or family circumstances identified by CDEC as negatively impacting a child's development)
- Specified purpose funding
- Additional preschool services for children in the year prior to kindergarten eligibility, with at least one qualifying factor

Where there is insufficient funding to cover all purposes, it should be prioritized in the following order (26.5-4-209):

- 1. 10 hours per week for children the year prior to kindergarten; provision for three- and four-year-old children with disabilities; low-income three-year-olds (and younger in waiver districts) or those with qualifying factors at the level under CPP in 2022-23
  - a) If there is inadequate funding to serve all low-income three-year-olds (and younger in waiver districts), the department must first prioritize children with disabilities and low-income children with at least one qualifying factor. Any remaining funding may then be allocated to low-income children without qualifying factors.
- 2. Specified purpose funding, which includes an additional five hours of preschool programming for children in the year before they are eligible for kindergarten
- 3. Additional preschool services for children in the year prior to kindergarten eligibility, with at least one qualifying factor

#### Q: What are the priorities for specific children to access these programs?

**A:** If there is inadequate funding to serve all low-income three-year-olds (and younger in waiver districts), the department must first prioritize children with disabilities and children with at least one qualifying factor. The intent of the UPK Colorado approach is to make all low-income children and children with qualifying factors eligible for additional preschool programming, but should there be inadequate funding to serve the fully eligible population, target resources using the specified priorities. This is different from denying eligibility to children and instead noting that it is adequate funding, not eligibility, that results in a prioritization of who has access to services.

Q: Is there a "hold harmless" funding provision for CPP school districts and charter schools? A: Yes, there is a one-year hold harmless funding provision for school districts and charter schools such that if total funding for children enrolled in the 2023-24 fiscal year under the new UPK Colorado Program is less than funding received in the CPP program for enrolled children in 2022-2023, the department will make up the difference. The department shall also hold contracted community providers harmless in 2023-2024 based on 2022- 2023 contracts districts had with community providers.

#### Q: Are federal Head Start dollars at risk?

**A:** Head Start agencies (including Migrant and Seasonal and American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN)) can participate in the UPK Colorado Program and receive the per-child rate decided in rule to provide preschool services for children in the year before they are eligible for kindergarten, in addition to their federal Head Start funding award.

- In addition, the suite of Head Start services will continue to be a core provider of early care and education services, and critical comprehensive child and family services, for three-year-olds and infants and toddlers living in poverty, experiencing homelessness, engaged in foster care or receiving public assistance, through partnerships with school districts.
- CDEC recognizes the unique funding flow that is in place with the Office of Head Start that goes directly to local Head Start agencies. The department will not provide preschool services to significantly more three-year-olds than were served under the Colorado Preschool Program in 2022-23; thus, the ability of Head Start agencies to maintain full enrollment as required by the federal Head Start Act should not be undermined.